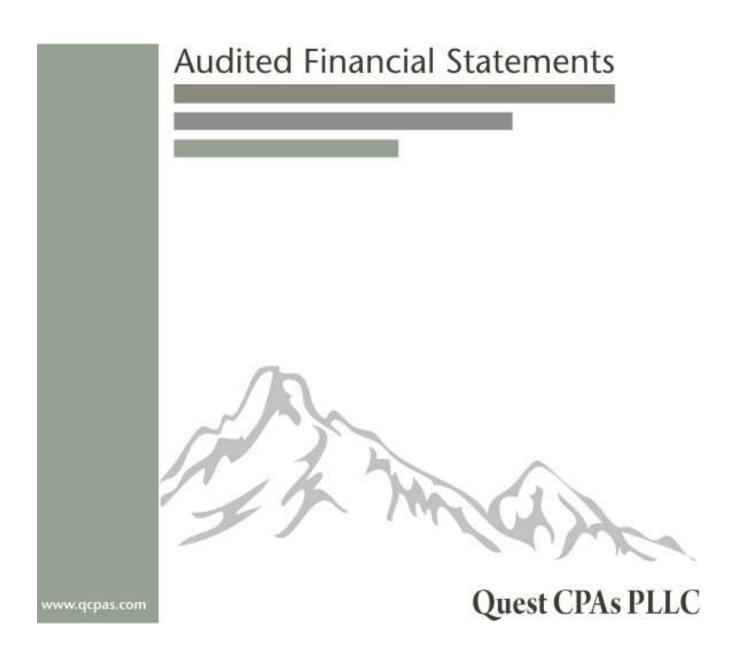
Syringa Mountain School, Inc.

Year Ended June 30, 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Syringa Mountain School, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Syringa Mountain School, Inc. (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as certain note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2021, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho September 21, 2021

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$515,173
Receivables:	
Local Sources	50
State Sources	46,583
Federal Sources	54,832
Total Current Assets	616,638
Noncurrent Assets	270.000
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	270,000
Depreciable Net Capital Assets Total Noncurrent Assets	2,135,749
Total Assets Total Assets	2,405,749 3,022,387
1 Otal Assets	3,022,387
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Deferred Outflows	139,367
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	139,367
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,161,754
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$16,027
Salaries & Benefits Payable	95,112
Unspent Grant Allocation	24,308
Long-Term Debt, Current	52,163
Total Current Liabilities	187,610
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent	1,742,298
Net Pension Liability	344,495
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,086,793
Total Liabilities	2,274,403
D. C	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Deferred Inflows	11 240
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,249 11,249
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,285,652
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	611,288
Restricted:	011,200
Special Programs	31,055
Debt Service	45,689
Unrestricted	188,070
Total Net Position	876,102
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$3,161,754

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
	-		Operating	Capital	
		Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	\$583,959		\$310,109		(\$273,850)
Secondary School	60,005				(60,005)
Special Education	69,519		18,101		(51,418)
Special Education Preschool	464		464		0
School Activity	0				0
Support Service Programs					
Instruction Improvement	33,072		7,233		(25,839)
Educational Media	897				(897)
Instruction-Related Technology	36,096		39,654		3,558
Board of Education	28,027				(28,027)
School Administration	88,699				(88,699)
Business Operation	37,387				(37,387)
Administrative Technology	0				0
Buildings - Care	69,404				(69,404)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	9,692				(9,692)
Maintenance - Grounds	966				(966)
General Transportation	2,413				(2,413)
Non-Instructional Programs					
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	54,982				(54,982)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Debt Service - Principal	0				0
Debt Service - Interest	44,369				(44,369)
Total	\$1,119,951	\$0	\$375,561	\$0	(744,390)
	General Revenues				
	Local Revenue				27,722
	State Revenue				888,571
	Federal Revenue				0
	Pension Revenue (Expense)			(103,989)
	Total	z.ipenice)			812,304
	Change in Net Posit	tion			67,914
	Ü				•
	Net Position - Begin				808,188
	Net Position - Endir	ıg			\$876,102

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash & Investments	\$481,562	\$33,611	\$515,173
Receivables:			
Local Sources	50	0	50
State Sources	46,583	0	46,583
Federal Sources		54,832	54,832
Due From Other Funds	24,004	0	24,004
Total Assets	\$552,199	\$88,443	\$640,642
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$14,588	\$1,439	\$16,027
Due To Other Funds		24,004	24,004
Salaries & Benefits Payable	87,475	7,637	95,112
Unspent Grant Allocation		24,308	24,308
Total Liabilities	102,063	57,388	159,451
Fund Balances			
Restricted:			
Special Programs		31,055	31,055
Debt Service	45,689	0	45,689
Unassigned	404,447	0	404,447
Total Fund Balances	450,136	31,055	481,191
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$552,199	\$88,443	\$640,642

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\$876,102

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$481,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,405,749
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,794,461)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(216,377)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

	General	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues			
Local Revenue	\$97,246	\$5,680	\$102,926
State Revenue	888,571	42,943	931,514
Federal Revenue	33,128	224,286	257,414
Total Revenues	1,018,945	272,909	1,291,854
Expenditures			
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School	443,065	201,777	644,842
Secondary School	66,261	0	66,261
Special Education	51,418	18,101	69,519
Special Education Preschool		464	464
School Activity		0	0
Support Service Programs			
Instruction Improvement	25,230	7,842	33,072
Educational Media	897	0	897
Instruction-Related Technology	12,142	23,954	36,096
Board of Education	28,027	0	28,027
School Administration	88,699	0	88,699
Business Operation	37,387	0	37,387
Administrative Technology		0	0
Buildings - Care	69,404	0	69,404
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied		0	0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	9,692	0	9,692
Maintenance - Grounds	966	0	966
General Transportation	2,413	0	2,413
Non-Instructional Programs	•		
Capital Assets - Student Occupied		0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	21,626	0	21,626
Debt Service - Principal	50,947	0	50,947
Debt Service - Interest	44,369	0	44,369
Total Expenditures	952,543	252,138	1,204,681
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	66,402	20,771	87,173
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	55,.52	20,771	07,175
Transfers In		0	0
Transfers Out		0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	66,402	20,771	87,173
Fund Balances - Beginning	383,734	10,284	394,018
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$450,136	\$31,055	\$481,191
r und Dalances - Enumg		Ψ31,033	Ψτ01,191

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$87,173
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.	(33,356)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.	50,947
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred	

outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.

\$67,914

(36,850)

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – Syringa Mountain School, Inc. (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation providing public charter school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code.

Idaho Code Section 33-5210(3) requires charter schools to comply with the same financial reporting requirements imposed on school districts, i.e. — on a governmental, rather than nonprofit, basis of accounting. Additionally, enabling legislation creates charter schools as public entities, i.e. — as public schools, subject to provisions common with other governmental entities as set forth in Idaho Code Section 33-5204. Accordingly, the School's basis of presentation follows the governmental, rather than nonprofit, reporting model.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to charter schools. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements</u> – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds, when present, are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's respective investment balance. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants.

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Net Position</u> – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Fund Balance Classifications – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for income, if any, derived from unrelated business activities. The School's tax returns for the current year and prior two years are subject to examination by the IRS and state tax authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

Cash - Deposits	\$110,865
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	404,308
Total	\$515,173

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$110,865 and the bank balances were \$118,651. The bank balances were insured.

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

	Investment	investment maturity		
	Schedule (In Years)		
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total		
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$404,308_	\$404,308		
Total	\$404,308	\$404,308		

Investment Maturity

Notes to Financial Statements

Credit rate risk:

	investment Ra	Investment Rating Schedule		
Investment Type	Not Rated	Total		
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$404,308	\$404,308		
Total	\$404,308	\$404,308		

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total
Local Sources			
Other Local Sources	\$50_		\$50
Total	\$50		\$50
State Sources			
Foundation Program	\$46,583		\$46,583
Total	\$46,583		\$46,583
Federal Sources			
Special Programs		\$54,832	\$54,832
Total		\$54,832	\$54,832

SYRINGA MOUNTAIN SCHOOL, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

CAPITAL ASSETS D.

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$270,000			\$270,000
Total	270,000	\$0	\$0	270,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	2,345,740			2,345,740
Equipment	71,289	21,626		92,915
Subtotal	2,417,029	21,626	0	2,438,655
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	212,500	46,915		259,415
Equipment	35,424	8,067		43,491
Subtotal	247,924	54,982	0	302,906
Total	2,169,105	(33,356)	0	2,135,749
Net Capital Assets	\$2,439,105	(\$33,356)	\$0	\$2,405,749

Depreciation expense of \$54,982 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

E. **LONG-TERM DEBT**

At year end, the School's notes payables were as follows:

Note payable USDA 97-01, due in monthly payments of \$7,002 with interest at 2.375% through 2046/47, secured by real estate, paid through the general fund	\$1,612,550
Note payable USDA 97-02, due in monthly payments of \$766 with interest at 3.375% through 2046/47, secured by real estate, paid through the general fund	160,495
Note payable, due in monthly payments of \$165 without interest through 2031/32, paid through the general fund	21,416
Total	\$1,794,461

Notes to Financial Statements

Maturities on the notes are estimated as follows:

Year		
Ended	Principal	Interest
6/30/22	\$52,163	\$43,153
6/30/23	53,409	41,907
6/30/24	54,686	40,630
6/30/25	55,994	39,322
6/30/26	57,336	37,980
6/30/27-31	308,022	168,558
6/30/32-36	338,732	129,564
6/30/37-41	381,287	85,393
6/30/42-46	431,336	35,344
6/30/47	61,496_	589
Total	\$1,794,461	\$622,440

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Note Payable USDA 97-01	\$1,657,691		\$45,141	\$1,612,550	\$46,227
Note Payable USDA 97-02	164,321		3,826	160,495	3,956
Note Payable	23,396		1,980	21,416	1,980
Total	\$1,845,408	<u>\$0</u>	\$50,947	\$1,794,461	\$52,163

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$44,369 and were charged to the debt service – interest program.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2020 it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$67,139 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2020, the School's proportion was 0.0148353 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$103,989). At June 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$26,916	\$11,249
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	5,826	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	39,486	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,139	
Total	\$139,367	\$11,249

\$67,139 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2019 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ended_	
6/30/22	(\$1,113)
6/30/23	(14,512)
6/30/24	(19,696)
6/30/25	(25,659)
Total	(\$60,980)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Notes to Financial Statements

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements

Capital Market Assumptions from Callen 2020				
		Long-Term	Long-Term	
		Expected	Expected	
		Nominal Rate	Real Rate	
	Target	of Return	of Return	
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)	
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%	
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%	
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%	
47.00		/		
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%	
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%	
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%	
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Retu	ırn	6.25%	3.89%	
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%	
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Retu	ırn*	5.85%	3.49%	
Investment Policy Assumptions fr	om PERSI No	vember 2019		
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.14%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%	
Economic/Demographic Assump	tions from Mil	liman 2018		
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board				
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.05%	
Assumed Inflation			3.00%	
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return*			7.05%	
*Net of Investment Expenses				

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$706,465	\$344,495	\$45,205

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due From	Due From Fund		
	Nonmajor			
	Governmental	<u>Total</u>		
Due To Fund	_			
General	\$24,004_	\$24,004		
Total	\$24,004	\$24,004		

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted A (GAAP B		Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive
General Fund	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$59,900	\$59,900	\$97,246	\$37,346
State Revenue	786,300	786,300	888,571	102,271
Federal Revenue	0	0	33,128	33,128
Total Revenues	846,200	846,200	1,018,945	172,745
Expenditures			<u> </u>	
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	484,706	484,706	443,065	41,641
Secondary School	66,758	66,758	66,261	497
Special Education	49,134	49,134	51,418	(2,284)
Special Education Preschool	0	0	0	0
School Activity	0	0	0	0
Support Service Programs				
Instruction Improvement	11,938	11,938	25,230	(13,292)
Educational Media	9,791	9,791	897	8,894
Instruction-Related Technology	5,000	5,000	12,142	(7,142)
Board of Education	11,050	11,050	28,027	(16,977)
School Administration	83,893	83,893	88,699	(4,806)
Business Operation	36,604	36,604	37,387	(783)
Administrative Technology	0	0	0	o o
Buildings - Care	46,400	46,400	69,404	(23,004)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	10,715	10,715	9,692	1,023
Maintenance - Grounds	500	500	966	(466)
General Transportation	2,100	2,100	2,413	(313)
Non-Instructional Programs				, ,
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	1,980	1,980	0	1,980
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	21,626	(21,626)
Debt Service - Principal	84,072	84,072	50,947	33,125
Debt Service - Interest	9,312	9,312	44,369	(35,057)
Total Expenditures	913,953	913,953	952,543	(38,590)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(67,753)	(67,753)	66,402	134,155
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 ;
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(67,753)	(67,753)	66,402	134,155
Fund Balances - Beginning	170,000	170,000	383,734	213,734
Fund Balances - Ending	\$102,247	\$102,247	\$450,136	\$347,889
	*Total expenditures (over) under appropi	riations are:	(\$38,590)

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

School's portion of the net pension liability School's proportionate share of the net pension liability School's covered payroll School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		-	2021 0.0148353% \$344,495 \$511,256 67.38% 88.22%	2020 0.0160885% \$183,646 \$546,484 33.61% 93.79%
	2019	2018	2017	2016
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.0180002%	0.0192089%	0.0168717%	0.0189534%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$265,506	\$301,931	\$342,015	\$249,585
School's covered payroll	\$579,134	\$702,138	\$506,069	\$530,875
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	45.85%	43.00%	67.58%	47.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.69%	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2021	2020
Statutorily required contribution		•	\$67,139	\$61,044
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		_	\$67,139	\$61,044
Contribution deficiency (excess)			\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll		•	\$562,303	\$511,256
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			11.94%	11.94%
	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$61,862	\$65,558	\$79,482	\$57,287
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$61,862	\$65,558	\$79,482	\$57,287
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$546,484	\$579,134	\$702,138	\$506,069
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Paycheck Protection	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP
Assets				
Cash & Investments		\$33,611		
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources				\$8,266
Due From Other Funds				
Prepaid Expenditures		022 (11	ΦΩ -	ΦΩ 266
Total Assets	\$0	\$33,611	\$0	\$8,266
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		\$1,231		\$168
Due To Other Funds		Ψ1,231		271
Salaries & Benefits Payable		1,325		5,297
Unspent Grant Allocation		1,525		2,530
Total Liabilities	\$0	2,556	\$0	8,266
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs		31,055		
Debt Service				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	0	31,055	0	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$0	\$33,611	\$0	\$8,266

	Special Revenue Funds			
		IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B	
		611 School	619 Pre-School	School-Based
	ESSER I	Age 3-21	Age 3-5	Medicaid
Assets				
Cash & Investments				
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources	\$29,097	\$1,087	\$603	
Due From Other Funds				
Prepaid Expenditures				
Total Assets	\$29,097	\$1,087	\$603	\$0
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$40			
Due To Other Funds	20,058	\$1,087	\$464	
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation	8,999	-	139	
Total Liabilities	29,097	1,087	603	\$0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs Debt Service				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	0		0	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$29,097	\$1,087	\$603	\$0
Total Liabilities and Fund Dalances	\$29,097	\$1,067	\$003	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title IV-A	Title V-B	Title II-A	
	ESSA	ESSA	ESSA	
	SS & AE	REI	SEI	CRF
Assets				
Cash & Investments				
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources		\$15,768	\$11	
Due From Other Funds				
Prepaid Expenditures				
Total Assets	\$0	\$15,768	\$11	\$0
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds		\$2,113	\$11	
Salaries & Benefits Payable		1,015	\$11	
Unspent Grant Allocation		12,640		
Total Liabilities		15,768	11	\$0
Total Elabilities	Ψ0	15,700		ΨΟ
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				
Debt Service				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$0	\$15,768	\$11	\$0

	Total
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$33,611
Receivables:	
Local Sources	
State Sources	0
Federal Sources	54,832
Due From Other Funds	0
Prepaid Expenditures	0
Total Assets	\$88,443
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$1,439
Due To Other Funds	24,004
Salaries & Benefits Payable	7,637
Unspent Grant Allocation	24,308
Total Liabilities	57,388
Fund Balances	
Restricted:	
Special Programs	31,055
Debt Service	0
Unassigned	0
Total Fund Balances	31,055
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$88,443

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Paycheck Protection	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP
Revenues				
Local Revenue		\$5,680		
State Revenue		39,654	\$3,289	
Federal Revenue	\$25,869			\$20,186
Total Revenues	25,869	45,334	3,289	20,186
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	25,869			20,186
Secondary School				
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Instruction Improvement			3,898	
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology		23,954		
Board of Education				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
General Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	25,869	23,954	3,898	20,186
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				_
Over Expenditures	0	21,380	(609)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	21,380	(609)	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	9,675	609	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$31,055	<u>\$0</u>	\$0

	Special Revenue Funds			
		IDEA Part B	IDEA Part B	
		611 School	619 Pre-School	School-Based
	ESSER I	Age 3-21	Age 3-5	Medicaid
Revenues				
Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$20,098	\$17,803	\$464	\$298
Total Revenues	20,098	17,803	464	298
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	20,098			
Secondary School				
Special Education		17,803		298
Special Education Preschool			464	
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Instruction Improvement				
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
General Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	20,098	17,803	464	298
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title IV-A	Title V-B	Title II-A	
	ESSA	ESSA	ESSA	
	SS & AE	REI	SEI	CRF
Revenues				
Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$10,000	\$6,338	\$3,944	\$119,286
Total Revenues	10,000	6,338	3,944	119,286
Expenditures				_
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	10,000	6,338		119,286
Secondary School				
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Instruction Improvement			3,944	
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
General Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	10,000	6,338	3,944	119,286
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				_
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0 _	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0 -	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

	Total
Revenues	
Local Revenue	\$5,680
State Revenue	42,943
Federal Revenue	224,286
Total Revenues	272,909
Expenditures	
Instructional Programs	
Elementary School	201,777
Secondary School	0
Special Education	18,101
Special Education Preschool	464
School Activity	0
Support Service Programs	
Instruction Improvement	7,842
Educational Media	0
Instruction-Related Technology	23,954
Board of Education	0
School Administration	0
Business Operation	0
Administrative Technology	0
Buildings - Care	0
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0
Maintenance - Grounds	0
General Transportation	0
Non-Instructional Programs	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0
Debt Service - Principal	0
Debt Service - Interest	0
Total Expenditures	252,138
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures	20,771
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•
Transfers In	0
Transfers Out	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	20,771
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,284
Fund Balances - Ending	\$31,055
9	,



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors Syringa Mountain School, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Syringa Mountain School, Inc. (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 21, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The

results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho September 21, 2021